"The Pentateuch" Deuteronomy 25-26 Wednesday November 16, 2011

Deut 5-26 – The God-Related Life: Moses Looks Within: (The Law, the Guide in Obedience.)

Disputes And Decisions: (Law Of Love Concerning Domestic And Social Life) Deut 22:1-26:19

<u>Deut 25 – Various Sundry Laws</u>: Deut 26 – Acknowledging God's Faithfulness:

Deut 25 – Various Sundry Laws:

Deut 25:1-3 - Judgment: Deut 25:1

Deut 25 – Moses is dealing with what we would call Misdemeanors –

The Judgment Must Be – <u>fair</u> and <u>equitable</u> and the <u>consequences must</u> be swift

There are 2 things about God's order of justice:

1. Verse 1 – Go To Court, Where Judges Render The Verdict:

Proverbs 11:14

Proverbs 24:6

2. Verses 2-3 – Swift Penalty Administered: Deut 25:2-3

2 Corinthians 11:24

Proverbs 13:24

Proverbs 22:15

Proverbs 23:13-14

If you are a parent, predetermined consequences are important for your children.

Rules, disciplines and punishments -

- 1. Children won't respect your rules, if there are no consequences:
- 2. Children won't respect your rules, if consequences are not consistent:

Deut 25:4 - Care Of Animals: Deut 25:4

Proverbs 12:10 A

1 Cor 9:1-12

1 Tim 5:17-18

Deut 25:5-10 - The Levirate Law: Deut 25:5-6

God is Instituting a Law to keep the family name of a deceased brother Alive:

Conditions associated with this law:

- 1. The Brothers Must Be Living Together "When brothers live together"
- 2. The Brother Had To Have Died Childless "one of them dies and has no son,"

Lev 18:16

Numbers 36

3. The Brother-In-Law Must Be Willing – Deut 25:7 – "But if the man does not desire to take his brother's wife,"

Genesis 38

Deut 25:8-10

Ruth 4:1-11

The shoe – spoke about "rights" To cast a shoe down upon property was to claim it for yourself.

To remove the shoe meant to "relinquish the claim" – it meant "you were a heel, you had no soul"

Matt 22:23-33

Deut 25:11-12 - Interfering Wife: Deut 25:11-12

This Law Is Like Our Rules In Boxing – No Hitting Below The Belt!

"puts out her hand and seizes his genitals," – The Hebrew speaks of "so as to bring great harm"

Deut 25:13-16 - Honesty in Business: Deut 25:13-14

If you were <u>buying</u> something, you would <u>use heavier weight</u> to get more.

If you were <u>selling</u> something, you would use <u>lighter weights</u> to give less.

Deut 25:15

Lev 19:35-37

Amos 8:4-7; Micah 6:9-12

Proverbs 11:1

Proverbs 20:10

Deut 25:16

1 Timothy 6:9-10

Deut 25:17-19 – Destroying The Amalekites: Deut 25:17

Exodus 17

Deut 25:18-19

2 Sam 1:1-16

Gal 5:24

<u>Deut 26 – Acknowledging God's Faithfulness:</u>

Deut 26:1-11 - Confession of God's Faithfulness: Deut 26:1-3

Verse 3 – Declare God's Faithfulness In Word:

Philippians 1:6

Verses 4-9 – Declare God's Faithfulness In Works:

Verses 10-11 – Proclaim God's Faithfulness Through First Fruits:

Deut 26:12-16 – The Confession of their Obedience:

Deut 14:28-29

Deut 25:13-16

Deut 26:17-19 – Confession of Relationship:

This was in keeping with His original promise at Sinai. Exodus 19:5-6

Application:

- 1. God's system of justice for Israel was both fair and equitable and the consequences were to be swift.
- 2. Amalek is a picture of the flesh in Scriptures. There is no appearing it; the only thing we can do is kill it.
- 3. God is always honest, always fair and always just in all that He does. We should be the same.
- 4. Our love and commitment to God is best expressed through our obedience to God.