Series "Order In The Church" "The Source Of Godliness" Titus 2:11-15 Study-5

What Is The Source Of Godliness?

Titus 2:11-12

Titus 1 – Godliness In The Church

Titus 2 - Godliness In The Individual And The Home

Thought Of Our Passage: God's Grace Brings Salvation, Producing Righteousness In Character That Longs For His Return And Is Zealous For Good Deeds.

- 1. Verse 11 Grace That Rescues
- 2. Verses 12-13 Grace That Requires
- 3. Verses 14-15 Grace That Redeems

1. Verse 11 - Grace That Rescues:

Titus 2:11

"For" – "What Must Be Taught"; Titus 2:1 – Practice/Doctrine

Titus 2:9-10

"For the grace of God has appeared," – The word "grace": "God's lavish favor on undeserving sinners" or "God's grace is His active favor bestowing the greatest gift upon those who deserve the greatest punishment."

Ephesians 2:8-9

"has appeared," – This Greek word we get "epiphany"; "became visible, came to light, became clearly known."

His virgin birth was foretold by the prophets – Isaiah 7:14.

Isaiah 9:6

The location of His birth was foretold by the prophets – Micah 5:2.

His birth was announced by angels – Luke 2:10-11.

Jesus' life was filled with the miraculous. John's Gospel Contains "The Seven Signs Of Jesus." Jesus claimed to be God – John's Gospel contains "The Seven 'I AM' Statements Of Jesus."

Testimony Of The Apostles – Matthew 16:16-17

Romans 1:3-4

Saving Grace: "bringing salvation" - Acts 4:12

Sufficient Grace: "to all men," – or "for all men", 1 Timothy 2:4-6.

John 1:9

2. Verses 12-13 - Grace That Requires:

Titus 2:12

"instructing <u>us</u>" – The word "instructing" – "to train a child, to bring up a child, to educate, instruct to teach."

The Grace of God takes the believer back to school to carry on the training process! "instructing" – Greek Present Tense – means that it is a continuing process.

Hebrews 12:6

Grace Says No: "to deny" – or "renounced, the definite act of daily self-denial."

Grace Teaches Us To Say No To Ungodliness: (Actions) "ungodliness" – "want of reverence towards God, a life that is lived without God in opposition to His laws."

Grace Teaches Us To Say No To Worldly Desires: (Appetites) "and worldly desires" – "those cravings desires which are limited to and characterized by this world as estranged from God", 1 John 2:15-16.

"and to live" – the positive side is, we live – (Ambitions).

Grace Teaches Us To Say Yes To Living Sensibly: "and to live sensibly," – (soberly) "sober-minded, self-controlled"; A term that is mentioned 5X, Titus 1:8; 2:2,4,5,6, now here in verse 12.

Grace Teaches Us To Say Yes To Living Righteously: "to live righteously" – deals with our relationships with other people; "to live a life that God approves of; God's grace requires of us a life of truth and justice."

Grace Teaches Us To Say Yes To Living Godly: "and to live godly" – (Relationship to God) "devotion of the believer to God, proper attitude, living in communion and worship with God."

"in the present age," - or "in the now age."

Their Present Age: Titus 1:12-13

Titus 2:13

Grace Looks Foreword: "looking for the blessed hope" – literally "the hope that brings blessing."

1 John 3:2-3

"and the appearing of the glory" – Matthew 24:30.

2 Thessalonians 1:10

"of our great God and Savior, Christ Jesus," – Jesus is called "great God and Savior."

3. Verses 14-15 - Grace That Redeems:

Titus 2:14

"who gave Himself for us to redeem us" – Note The Context: In Titus 2:9-10, Paul wrote about slaves.

Jesus' Offering/Sacrifice Of Himself Was Necessary To Redeem Mankind: "who gave <u>Himself</u> for us to redeem us"

Jesus Willingly Was The Offering/Sacrifice: "gave Himself" – John 10:18

Galatians 1:4-5

Romans 4:25

Jesus Was The Substitutionary Offering/Sacrifice: "for us" – substitutionary, Mark 10:45.

1 Timothy 2:6

"to redeem us" – "to release upon receipt of a ransom"; to be brought out of slavery, of servitude through a ransom. "Redeem" – the process by which one pays for a prisoner's release. John 8:34

"from every lawless deed," – "contempt for and violation of God's law, the unsaved as a rebel against God", Psalm 130:8.

1 John 3:4

"and to purify" - "Sin not only makes us guilty but also dirty", Titus 3:5.

"a people for His own possession," - (KJV) Titus 2:14 - "a peculiar people,"

"for His own possession," – it means "one's private possession", Ephesians 1:13-14.

1 Peter 2:9-10

Titus 2:15

"These things" – What are the things that Paul tells Titus to speak? Titus 2:1-14

Paul sets forth 3 Functions of the Minister -

- **1. Teach "speak" –** "this doctrine"; "These things", Presenting God's will. 2 Timothy 4: 2 "preach the word;"
- 2. Encourage "and exhort" to urge and exhort; This is the application of the Scriptures to edification. James 1:22
- 3. Correct "and reprove" to get wayward believers back on track; 2 Timothy 3:16 Reveals What Is Not Right.

"Let no one disregard you." – "to think around, to disregard by setting oneself in thought beyond."

The description of a man that rationalizes himself into a position where he can evade these responsibilities and so continue on in his sins.

Application:

- 1. God's Grace Is His Active Favor Bestowing The Greatest Gift Upon Those Who Deserve The Greatest Punishment.
- 2. The Gospel Offers Not Merely An Escape From Punishment Of Sin, But The Aim Is The Transformation In Character, And Conduct Of The Saved Person.
- 3. Grace Says No To Ungodliness And Worldly Desires. Grace Also Says Yes To Live Sensibly, Righteously And Godly In The Present Age.
- 4. Jesus Willingly Offered Himself As A Sacrifice By Which He Became The Necessary Substitute In Redeeming Mankind.